TWO LARVAL CHARACTERS TO SEPARATE *COPITARSIA INCOMMODA*
(WALKER) FROM *C. DECOLORA* (GUENÉE)
(LEPIDOPTERA: NOCTUIDAE)

DOS CARACTERES LARVALES PARA SEPARAR A *COPITARSIA INCOMMODA*
(WALKER) DE *C. DECOLORA* (GUENÉE)
(LEPIDOPTERA: NOCTUIDAE)

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RESUMEN

Se entregan caracteres taxonómicos de las larvas de *Copitarsia decolora* (Guenée) y *C. incommoda* (Walker), que permite la diferenciación entre ellas. Ambas especies tiene importancia cuarentenaria para los exportadores en Chile.

PALABRAS CLAVES: *Copitarsia*, Cucullinae, larvas, taxonomía.

ABSTRACT

Diagnostic larval features of *Copitarsia* Hampson, *C. decolora* (Guenée) and *C. incommoda* (Walker) involving spinneret and pinnaculæ are given. Both species are importance quarantine pest for chilean exporters.

KEYWORDS: *Copitarsia*, Cucullinae, larvae, taxonomy.

Copitarsia Hampson, 1906, consists of twenty-one species distributed from México to the Patagonia (Angulo & Olivares 2003); some species are severe pests in agriculture and quarantine procedures. *Copitarsia decolora* (Guenée), *Copitarsia incommoda* (Walker) are two of these species injuring the aspa-ragus. This suggests the importance of the differential features given here.

Larvae were brought from Mexico and Colombia following careful examination the exoskeleton was prepared and submitted to quetotaxy analysis. Larval features of *Copitarsia* are four pairs of abdominal prolegs and one anal pair; adfrontal suture

do not reach the occipital seim; smooth epidermis without ornamental structures; the two dorsal thoracic pinnaculæ with a lighth area contrastig with the background colour.

FEATURES OF PINNACULAE AND SPINNERET

C. incommoda: The two dorsal thoracic pinnaculæ are separed (at least twice their lenght) and are sorrounded by a dark pigmentary area with "sand clock" form (Fig. 3); spinneret: border of one lip with ca. 8 regular spines (Fig. 1).

C. decolora: The two dorsal thoracic pinnaculæ are aside and surrounded by a dark circular pigmentary area (Fig.4); spinneret: border of one lip with many irregular spines (more than 8) (Fig.2).

Remarks: No differences were found in pupal features of both species; but it may be possible to find some of them under the ultrastructural scope. The pigmentary exoskeleton of larvae usually varies from dark to green light colour.

FIGURAS 1-4. *Copitarsia decolora* (Guenée): 1. spinneret 3. pinnaculæ in 1st-2nd abdominal segment. *Copitarsia incommoda* (Walker): 2. spinneret 4. pinnaculæ in 1st-2nd abdominal segment.

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